UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT DISTRICT OF MASSACHUSETTS

IN	\mathbf{RE}	REEB	OK I	CASY	TONE	LITI	GATIC	N

No. 4:10-CV-11977-FDS

This Document Relates to:

CLASS ACTION

All actions

DECLARATION OF EDMUND S. ARONOWITZ REGARDING ATTEMPTED DEPOSITION OF OBJECTOR NIKKI JOHNSON

I, EDMUND S. ARONOWITZ, declare:

- I am an attorney at Wolf Haldenstein Adler Freeman & Herz LLC, co-counsel for plaintiffs in the above-captioned litigation and one of the firms designated by the Court as Class Counsel. I submit this declaration in support of Plaintiffs' Reply in Support of Motion for Final Approval of Class Action Settlement and Certification of Settlement Class and in support of Plaintiffs' Response and Brief in Opposition to Objector Nikki Johnson's Motion to Quash Deposition Subpoena in *In re: Reebok EasyTone Litigation*, Case No. 3:12-MC-00001-L (BF) (N.D. Tex.). I make this declaration based on my personal knowledge and on information and belief.
- 2. On December 27, 2011, Nikki Johnson's objection in the above-captioned litigation (Dkt. No. 65, "Objection") was filed. A copy of the Objection is attached as Exhibit A hereto.
- 3. On December 28, 2011, I issued a Subpoena commanding Ms. Johnson to appear at a deposition to take place, in Dallas, Texas, on Wednesday, January 4, 2012. A copy of this Subpoena is attached as Exhibit B hereto.
- 4. On December 29, 2011, Adil Tadli, a process server for Special Delivery, a process serving company in Dallas, made a first attempt to serve this Subpoena upon Ms.

Johnson at the address indicated on her Objection – "3141 Hood St., Ste 200, Dallas, TX 75219."

This attempt was unsuccessful. A copy of the email update from Special Delivery regarding the attempt is attached as Exhibit C hereto.

- 5. Mr. Tadli made a second attempt at service shortly thereafter. This attempt was also unsuccessful. A copy of the email update from Special Delivery regarding the attempt is attached as Exhibit D hereto.
- 6. Mr. Tadli made a third attempt at service on December 30, 2011. This attempt was unsuccessful. A copy of the email update from Special Delivery regarding the attempt is attached as Exhibit E hereto.
- 7. Mr. Tadli informed me that the business address provided by Ms. Johnson appeared to be closed and that he could not find Ms. Johnson for service at an alternate address either.
- 8. Due to the New Year's holiday weekend, further attempts to serve Ms. Johnson could not be made until January 3, 2012. Because the original Subpoena requested that Ms. Johnson appear for her deposition on January 4, 2012, I issued an Amended Subpoena on January 3, 2012, for service that same day, commanding Ms. Johnson's attendance at a deposition to take place on Friday, January 6, 2012. A copy of this Amended Subpoena is attached as Exhibit F hereto. Mr. Tadli successfully served this Amended Subpoena, as indicated on the proof of service, by personally delivering the Amended Subpoena to Ms. Johnson at the address provided on the Objection.
- 9. After receiving confirmation of service of the Amended Subpoena, I proceeded to make travel arrangements to fly from Chicago to take Ms. Johnson's deposition in Dallas. A copy of my Traveler Invoice is attached as Exhibit G hereto.

- 10. After I had made travel arrangements, on January 5, 2012, at 2:38 p.m., CST, I received the Motion to Quash the Amended Subpoena by e-mail from "Tom Cox." A copy of Mr. Cox's email is attached as Exhibit H hereto.
- 11. Prior to filing his Motion to Quash, Mr. Cox did not contact me, or any other individual appointed by the Court as Class Counsel in *In re: Reebok EasyTone Litigation*, for a pre-motion conference as required by N.D. Tex. L.R. 7.1. Nor did Mr. Cox attach a Certificate of Conference to his motion.
- 12. After receiving the Motion to Quash, I determined that only a court order, rather than the mere filing of the motion, would stay the duly scheduled deposition of Ms. Johnson. I carefully monitored the Northern District of Texas docket to see if any action had been taken on the Motion to Quash. The last time I checked the docket prior to travelling the case had yet to be opened on the Northern District of Texas' CM/ECF system. Accordingly, I travelled to Dallas, Texas, as previously planned, on the morning of January 6, 2012 and arrived at the place designated for the deposition of Ms. Johnson prior to the 1:30 p.m. start time for that deposition. I proceeded to wait for Ms. Johnson to see if she would attend her duly scheduled deposition. After more than an hour of waiting, I contacted Mr. Cox by telephone to determine whether Ms. Johnson would be appearing for her deposition. Mr. Cox told me that she would not be appearing. At my suggestion, Mr. Cox and I jointly called the Court to see if this matter could be quickly resolved prior to my departure back to Chicago.
- 13. During this phone call, Mr. Cox admitted to me that that he "assisted" Ms. Johnson in writing the Objection.
- 14. Approximately 90 minutes after Ms. Johnson's deposition was scheduled to start, Judge Stickney's clerk informed Mr. Cox and me by telephone that the deposition would be

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stayed. An Order staying the deposition and setting a briefing scheduled was entered sometime

thereafter.

15. While and after I was on the phone with Mr. Cox and the Court, a hearing on the

Motion to Quash the deposition of objector Lori Rivero - another individual who had objected to

the settlement of the In re: Reebok EasyTone Litigation - was taking place via telephone before

the Honorable Magistrate Judge B. Janice Ellington for the United States District Court for the

Southern District of Texas. After hearing arguments, the motion was denied and it was ordered

that the deposition of Ms. Rivero take place. A copy of excerpts from the transcript of Judge

Ellington's hearing on the Motion to Quash the Rivero deposition are attached hereto as Exhibit

I. Ms. Rivero subsequently indicated that she would move to withdraw her objection.

16. On January 6, 2012, I flew back to Chicago from Dallas. The total cost for my

trip to Dallas, excluding court reporter fees, was \$ 929.60.

DATED: January 10, 2012

Edmund S. Aronowitz

Exhibit A

Case 4:10-cv-11977-FDS Document 65 Filed 12/27/11 Page 1 of 8 1 2 IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURTS 3 FOR THE DISTRICT OF MASSACHUSETTS: 5 IN RE: CASE No. 4:10-CV-11977-FDS 7 **CLASS ACTION** REEBOK EASYTONE LITIGATION 8 Objection to the Proposed Settlement, Objection to the Class Notification, and 9 Objection to Attorney's Fees. 10 11 12 13 To The Honorable District Judge: 14 15 Comes Nikki Johnson ("Objector"), and file this Objection to the Proposed 16 Settlement, Objection to Class Notification, and Objection to Attorneys' Fees. 17 18 19 Objector is a Class Member 20 Objector Nikki Johnson is a resident of Dallas, Texas and received notice by mail 21 of this Settlement at 3141 Hood St, Ste 200, Dallas, TX 75219. A copy of the Claim 22 Form is attached hereto. 23 24 I object to the settlement in this case and I am member of the purposed Class. 25 26 27 28

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2. Proposed Settlement Attempts to Place Unlawful Restrictions on Objectors

I object to paragraph 12 of the Preliminary Approval Order and Paragraph VI (A) of the Settlement Agreement that require more extensive documentation of a sales purchase than is required to file a claim or to opt out of the Settlement. I have only been able to obtain proof of purchase on two products, but I purchased more than two.

The Proposed Settlement attempts to place unlawful requirements on objectors-contrary to Supreme Court authority. In *Devlin v. Scardelletti*, (2002) 536 U.S. 1, the Court held that objectors who appear at the fairness hearing have the right to appeal approval of a proposed settlement. The *Devlin* Court did not expand that requirement of appearing at the hearing to include other requirements such as having a valid proof of purchase when similar documentation is not required to opt out or file a claim.

Nonetheless, and contrary to *Devlin*, the Settling Parties' agreement (and the Notice they wrote) purports to require objectors to submit proof of purchase documentation long before the fairness hearing on pain of not being heard.

This purported requirement in the Settling Parties' agreement is, it is submitted, unlawful.

Further, the Notice is misleading in claiming that objectors will not be heard if they do not file and provide additional information.

From the Notice and Claim Form I received it is obvious that I am in the Reebok data base as a purchaser of covered products. Only if someone is not in the Reebok data base is it proper to ask for additional documentations; such as may be requested by the claims administrator.

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It is respectfully submitted that a settlement agreement containing unlawful terms and founded on a misleading notice to class members may not be properly approved.

3. Objection to the Requirement of the Claim Form

In a world of junk mail important notices such as "you are a member of a class action" may go unopened and unread. From Paragraph IV of the Settlement Agreement it is clear the parties will relie in part upon data bases obtained from Reebok. For individuals such as myself who is a member of the class as reflected in the Defendant Reebok's own records, there should be no requirement to file a claim. A check should simply be sent. Requiring a claim form is simply a barrier to class members being compensated.

Adequacy of Representation

The class representatives failed to fairly and adequately represent the interest of class members when they agreed that class members needed to file a claim in the Settlement Agreement. To the extent that Reebok has documentation of purchases by class members they should simply be sent a check and not have to file a claim form. The Representatives failed in their duty to class members.

5. Objection to Class Notice

Neither the Court in it's Preliminary Approval Order or the Settlement Agreement notes how many class members purchased eligible Reebok shoes or apparel from December 5, 2008 through October 12, 2011 or the value of products purchased. The

Settlement does provided mechanisms for adjusting the amount a class member may receive and makes provision for unclaimed funds to go to the Federal Trade Commission.

This lack of information alone in the notice makes the notice inadequate. However the issues with the adequacy of notice continues because no notice is given to the class of the estimated costs of notice or administration. Because the notice given to the class is not the adequate and sufficient notice to the class members because of its lack of information concerning the amount that may ultimately be returned to the class.

6. Objections to the Settlement

The settlement is not fair, reasonable, or adequate, and Objectors object to the proposed settlement, for the following reasons:

The settlement has been reached with questions outstanding concerning discovery, although the parties claim formal discovery it appears much of the information was provided by Reebok was though informal means.

The class does not know the amount of money at issue or simply the universe of possible damages to compare against the settlement. Currently without fundamental financial information and a discussion of possible success on the merits it is not possible to approve the settlement as being fair, reasonable and adequate to the class.

What is the value of the settlement to class members? We do not know as neither the Settlement Agreement or Preliminary Approval Order even attempts to make an estimate. It is difficult to evaluate a settlement without an estimated value to the class, which further makes evaluation of attorneys fees difficult.

7.

Objections to the Fee Petition

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Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(h) provides, in relevant part:

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Attorney's Fees and Nontaxable Costs. In a certified class action, the court may award reasonable attorney's fees and nontaxable costs that are authorized by law or by the parties' agreement. The following procedures apply:

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A claim for an award must be made by motion

under Rule 54(d)(2), subject to the provisions of this subdivision (h), at a time the court sets. Notice of the motion must be served on all parties and, for motions by class counsel, directed to class members in a reasonable

manner.

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A class member, or a party from whom (2) payment is sought, may object to the motion.

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The amount of the proposed fees in relation to the alleged benefits to the class

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renders the settlement unfair and unreasonable. The amount of the proposed attorneys'

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fees is an integral element in determining whether the settlement is fair, reasonable, and

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adequate.

Objector objects to the request for fees to Class Counsel. In this case there should be

a cross check using the lodestar method.

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Herein.

8. Telephone Participation

I request permission to participate by listening by telephone to the Fairness Hearing as I live in Texas.

Objector Incorporates any Proper Objections Filed by Other Objectors 9.

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Wherefore, Objector prays that the Court deny the proposed settlement, deny the requested fees to Class Counsel and grant Objector such other and further relief as to which Objector may be entitled.

Respectfully submitted,

Nikki Johnson Borgo

Nikki Johnson. Per se 3141 Hood St, Ste 200. Dallas, TX 75219

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Certificate of Service

I hereby certify that a copy of the above and foregoing document has been served on December 22, 2011 and by mail to the following:

Clerk of the Court
United States District Court
District of Massachusetts

Donohue Federal Building

595 Main Street Worcester, MA 01608

Timothy G. Blood, Esq. Blood Hurts & O'Reardon LLP 600 b Street, Suite 1550 San Diego, CA 92101

John P. Hooper, Esq. Reed Smith LLP 599 Lexington Avenue New York, NY 10022

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CIO Rust Consulting Inc PO Box 2607 Faribault, MN 55021-9607

RBK01013716

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Reebok Shoe and Apparel Class Action Settlement

Claim Form

Use this claim form only if you bought eligible Reebok shoes or apparel from December 5, 2008 through October 12, 2011. The eligible Reebok shoes and apparel are listed below.

> All claim forms must be electronically submitted no later than April 10, 2012 or postmarked no later than April 10, 2012 to:

> > Class Action Settlement Administrator CIO Rust Consulting, Inc. PO Box 2607 Faribault, MN 55021-9607

CLAIM INFORMATION							
CLASS MEMBER INFORMATION		AT A STATE OF THE	3,			4,70	
Name:					·		
Mailing Address:							
City:			State	:	Zip Co	de:	
Best Telephone Number: ()		E-mail	Address	::		







Exhibit B

AO 88A (Rev. 06/09) Subpoena to Testify at a Deposition in a Civil Action

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

Northern District of Texas

In re Reebok Easytone Litigation	
-	on)
Plaintiff) Civil Antique No. 4440 CV 44077 EDD
v.) Civil Action No. 4:10-CV-11977-FDS
) (If the action is pending in another district, state where:
Defendant) District of Massachusetts)
SURPORNA TO 1	FESTIFY AT A DEPOSITION IN A CIVIL ACTION
SUBI CENA TO	TESTIFT AT A DETOSITION IN A CIVIL ACTION
To: Nikki Johnson. Address: 3141 Hood	d St, Ste 200, Dallas, Texas 75219
deposition to be taken in this civil action.	ANDED to appear at the time, date, and place set forth below to testify at a If you are an organization that is <i>not</i> a party in this case, you must designate an agents, or designate other persons who consent to testify on your behalf orth in an attachment:
Place: Looper Reed & McGraw; 1601 E	Ilm Street, Suite 4600; Date and Time:
Dallas, Texas 75201	01/04/2012 1:30 pm
electronically stored information, material:	entatives, must also bring with you to the deposition the following documents or objects, and permit their inspection, copying, testing, or sampling of the sees of Eligible Shoes and/or Eligible Apparel, as those terms are defined in
e Settlement Agreement, as well as any a e Proposed Settlement, Objection to the 0	and all other documents related to the matters set forth in your Objection to Class Notification, and Objection to Attorneys Fees (Document 65 in the
e Settlement Agreement, as well as any as e Proposed Settlement, Objection to the Coove captioned matter). The provisions of Fed. R. Civ. P.	and all other documents related to the matters set forth in your Objection to Class Notification, and Objection to Attorneys Fees (Document 65 in the 45(c), relating to your protection as a person subject to a subpoena, and Rule pond to this subpoena and the potential consequences of not doing so, are
e Settlement Agreement, as well as any as e Proposed Settlement, Objection to the Gove captioned matter). The provisions of Fed. R. Civ. P. 45 (d) and (e), relating to your duty to respect to the Gove Captioned matter).	and all other documents related to the matters set forth in your Objection to Class Notification, and Objection to Attorneys Fees (Document 65 in the 45(c), relating to your protection as a person subject to a subpoena, and Rule pond to this subpoena and the potential consequences of not doing so, are
The provisions of Fed. R. Civ. P. 45 (d) and (e), relating to your duty to respect tached. Date: 12/28/2011 CLERK OF CO	and all other documents related to the matters set forth in your Objection to Class Notification, and Objection to Attorneys Fees (Document 65 in the 45(c), relating to your protection as a person subject to a subpoena, and Rule pond to this subpoena and the potential consequences of not doing so, are
The provisions of Fed. R. Civ. P. The provisions of Fed. R. Civ. P. It (d) and (e), relating to your duty to respect to the control of the	and all other documents related to the matters set forth in your Objection to Class Notification, and Objection to Attorneys Fees (Document 65 in the 45(c), relating to your protection as a person subject to a subpoena, and Rule pond to this subpoena and the potential consequences of not doing so, are
The provisions of Fed. R. Civ. P. Solution of Signature	and all other documents related to the matters set forth in your Objection to Class Notification, and Objection to Attorneys Fees (Document 65 in the 45(c), relating to your protection as a person subject to a subpoena, and Rule pond to this subpoena and the potential consequences of not doing so, are OURT OR Attorney's signature

Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 45 (c), (d), and (e) (Effective 12/1/07)

(c) Protecting a Person Subject to a Subpoena.

- (1) Avoiding Undue Burden or Expense; Sanctions. A party or attorney responsible for issuing and serving a subpoena must take reasonable steps to avoid imposing undue burden or expense on a person subject to the subpoena. The issuing court must enforce this duty and impose an appropriate sanction which may include lost earnings and reasonable attorney's fees on a party or attorney who fails to comply.
 - (2) Command to Produce Materials or Permit Inspection.
- (A) Appearance Not Required. A person commanded to produce documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things, or to permit the inspection of premises, need not appear in person at the place of production or inspection unless also commanded to appear for a deposition, hearing, or trial.
- (B) Objections. A person commanded to produce documents or tangible things or to permit inspection may serve on the party or attorney designated in the subpoena a written objection to inspecting, copying, testing or sampling any or all of the materials or to inspecting the premises or to producing electronically stored information in the form or forms requested. The objection must be served before the earlier of the time specified for compliance or 14 days after the subpoena is served. If an objection is made, the following rules apply:
- (i) At any time, on notice to the commanded person, the serving party may move the issuing court for an order compelling production or inspection.
- (ii) These acts may be required only as directed in the order, and the order must protect a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer from significant expense resulting from compliance.

(3) Quashing or Modifying a Subpoena.

- (A) When Required. On timely motion, the issuing court must quash or modify a subpoena that:
 - (i) fails to allow a reasonable time to comply;
- (ii) requires a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer to travel more than 100 miles from where that person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person except that, subject to Rule 45(c)(3)(B)(iii), the person may be commanded to attend a trial by traveling from any such place within the state where the trial is held;
- (iii) requires disclosure of privileged or other protected matter, if no exception or waiver applies; or
 - (iv) subjects a person to undue burden.
- **(B)** When Permitted. To protect a person subject to or affected by a subpoena, the issuing court may, on motion, quash or modify the subpoena if it requires:
- (i) disclosing a trade secret or other confidential research, development, or commercial information;
- (ii) disclosing an unretained expert's opinion or information that does not describe specific occurrences in dispute and results from the expert's study that was not requested by a party; or
- (iii) a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer to incur substantial expense to travel more than 100 miles to attend trial.
- (C) Specifying Conditions as an Alternative. In the circumstances described in Rule 45(c)(3)(B), the court may, instead of quashing or modifying a subpoena, order appearance or production under specified conditions if the serving party:
- (i) shows a substantial need for the testimony or material that cannot be otherwise met without undue hardship; and
- (ii) ensures that the subpoenaed person will be reasonably compensated.

(d) Duties in Responding to a Subpoena.

- (1) Producing Documents or Electronically Stored Information. These procedures apply to producing documents or electronically stored information:
- (A) Documents. A person responding to a subpoena to produce documents must produce them as they are kept in the ordinary course of business or must organize and label them to correspond to the categories in the demand.
- **(B)** Form for Producing Electronically Stored Information Not Specified. If a subpoena does not specify a form for producing electronically stored information, the person responding must produce it in a form or forms in which it is ordinarily maintained or in a reasonably usable form or forms.
- (C) Electronically Stored Information Produced in Only One Form. The person responding need not produce the same electronically stored information in more than one form.
- (D) Inaccessible Electronically Stored Information. The person responding need not provide discovery of electronically stored information from sources that the person identifies as not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. On motion to compel discovery or for a protective order, the person responding must show that the information is not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. If that showing is made, the court may nonetheless order discovery from such sources if the requesting party shows good cause, considering the limitations of Rule 26(b)(2)(C). The court may specify conditions for the discovery.

(2) Claiming Privilege or Protection.

- (A) Information Withheld. A person withholding subpoenaed information under a claim that it is privileged or subject to protection as trial-preparation material must:
 - (i) expressly make the claim; and
- (ii) describe the nature of the withheld documents, communications, or tangible things in a manner that, without revealing information itself privileged or protected, will enable the parties to assess the claim.
- (B) Information Produced. If information produced in response to a subpoena is subject to a claim of privilege or of protection as trial-preparation material, the person making the claim may notify any party that received the information of the claim and the basis for it. After being notified, a party must promptly return, sequester, or destroy the specified information and any copies it has; must not use or disclose the information until the claim is resolved; must take reasonable steps to retrieve the information if the party disclosed it before being notified; and may promptly present the information to the court under seal for a determination of the claim. The person who produced the information must preserve the information until the claim is resolved.
- (e) Contempt. The issuing court may hold in contempt a person who, having been served, fails without adequate excuse to obey the subpoena. A nonparty's failure to obey must be excused if the subpoena purports to require the nonparty to attend or produce at a place outside the limits of Rule 45(c)(3)(A)(ii).

AO 88A (Rev. 06/09) Subpoena to Testify at a Deposition in a Civil Action (Page 2)

Civil Action No. 4:10-CV-11977-FDS

PROOF OF SERVICE

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 45.)

This subpoena	for (name of individual and title, if any) Nik	ki Johnson	
as received by me on	(date)		
☐ I served the	subpoena by delivering a copy to the na	amed individual as follows:	
		on (date) ; or	
☐ I returned th	e subpoena unexecuted because:		
		d States, or one of its officers or agents, and the mileage allowed by law, in the an	
\$ 44	.00		
fees are \$	for travel and \$	for services, for a total of \$	0.00
I declare under	penalty of perjury that this information	is true.	
e:		Server's signature	- V W
		Printed name and title	
		Server's address	

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc:

Exhibit C

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Aronowitz, Edmund

From: Special Delivery Online [processdept@specialdelivery.com]

Sent: Thursday, December 29, 2011 12:47 PM

To: Aronowitz, Edmund

Subject: Process Serving Update - NIKKI JOHNSON



PROCESS SERVING UPDATE FOR EDMUND ARONOWITZ ATTEMPTED: 12/29/11 at 12:08 PM

The First Attempt to Serve NIKKI JOHNSON Has Been Made.

The next attempt to complete this service will be made shortly. For more details, please <u>login</u>, <u>email</u> or call 214-866-3270



SERVICE REQUESTED BY:

EDMUND ARONOWITZ WOLF HALDENSTEIN ADLER L L C 55 W MONROE ST, STE 1111 CHICAGO, IL 60603

PROCESS SERVICE RECIPIENT:

NIKKI JOHNSON 3141 HOOD ST, STE 200 DALLAS, TX 75219

PROCESS SERVER:

Adil Tadli Server Number 167 Code 619

Order Number: 3620521

Service Requested: Rush Process Serving Order Placed: 12/28/11 at 4:06 PM Order Taken By: Tom Considine Attempted: 12/29/11 at 12:08 PM

Reference: REEBOK EASYSTONE

Special Delivery Legal Department

(214) 866-3270

www.SpecialDelivery.com

Exhibit D

Case 4:10-cv-11977-FDS Document 69-2 Filed 01/10/12 Page 21 of 51

Aronowitz, Edmund

From: Special Delivery Online [processdept@specialdelivery.com]

Sent: Thursday, December 29, 2011 12:47 PM

To: Aronowitz, Edmund

Subject: Process Serving Update - NIKKI JOHNSON



PROCESS SERVING UPDATE FOR EDMUND ARONOWITZ ATTEMPTED: 12/29/11 at 12:08 PM

The Second Attempt to Serve NIKKI JOHNSON Has Been Made.

The next attempt to complete this service will be made shortly. For more details, please login, email or call 214-866-3270



SERVICE REQUESTED BY:

EDMUND ARONOWITZ WOLF HALDENSTEIN ADLER L L C 55 W MONROE ST, STE 1111 CHICAGO, IL 60603

PROCESS SERVICE RECIPIENT:

NIKKI JOHNSON 3141 HOOD ST, STE 200 **DALLAS, TX 75219**

PROCESS SERVER:

Adil Tadli Server Number 167 **Code 619**

Service Requested: Rush Process Serving Order Placed: 12/28/11 at 4:06 PM

Order Taken By: Tom Considine Attempted: 12/29/11 at 12:08 PM

Order Number: 3620521

Reference: REEBOK EASYSTONE www.SpecialDelivery.com

Special Delivery Legal Department

(214) 866-3270

Exhibit E

Case 4:10-cv-11977-FDS Document 69-2 Filed 01/10/12 Page 23 of 51

Aronowitz, Edmund

From: Special Delivery Online [processdept@specialdelivery.com]

Sent: Friday, December 30, 2011 11:35 AM

To: Aronowitz, Edmund

Subject: Process Serving Update - NIKKI JOHNSON



PROCESS SERVING UPDATE FOR EDMUND ARONOWITZ ATTEMPTED: 12/30/11 at 11:27 AM

The Third Attempt to Serve NIKKI JOHNSON Has Been Made.

The next attempt to complete this service will be made shortly. For more details, please <u>login</u>, <u>email</u> or call 214-866-3270



SERVICE REQUESTED BY:

EDMUND ARONOWITZ WOLF HALDENSTEIN ADLER L L C 55 W MONROE ST, STE 1111 CHICAGO, IL 60603

PROCESS SERVICE RECIPIENT:

NIKKI JOHNSON 3141 HOOD ST, STE 200 DALLAS, TX 75219

PROCESS SERVER:

Adil Tadli Server Number 167 Code 630

Service Requested: Rush Process Serving Order Placed: 12/28/11 at 4:06 PM

Special Delivery Legal Department

Order Taken By: Tom Considine Attempted: 12/30/11 at 11:27 AM

(214) 866-3270

Order Number: 3620521 Reference: REEBOK EASYSTONE

www.SpecialDelivery.com

Exhibit F

AO 88A (Rev. 06/09) Subpoena to Testify at a Deposition in a Civil Action

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

Northern District	of Texas
In re Reebok Easytone Litigation	
Plaintiff	
v	Civil Action No. 4:10-CV-11977-FDS
,	(If the action is pending in another district, state where:
Defendani)	District of Massachusetts)
AMENDED SUBPOENA TO TESTIFY AT A DEP	OSITION IN A CIVIL ACTION
To: Nikki Johnson. Address: 3141 Hood St, Ste 200, Dallas,	Texas 75219
deposition to be taken in this civil action. If you are an organiz one or more officers, directors, or managing agents, or designat about the following matters, or those set forth in an attachment:	e other persons who consent to testify on your behalf
Place: Looper Reed & McGraw; 1601 Elm Street, Suite 4600;	Date and Time:
Dallas, Texas 75201	01/06/2012 1:30 pm
material: Any documentation of your alleged purchases of Eligible Shoes a the Settlement Agreement, as well as any and all other document the Proposed Settlement, Objection to the Class Notification, and above captioned matter).	ts related to the matters set forth in your Objection to
The provisions of Fed. R. Civ. P. 45(c), relating to your	protection as a person subject to a subpoena, and Rule
45 (d) and (e), relating to your duty to respond to this subpoena attached.	
Date:01/03/2012 CLERK OF COURT	OR 4/1
Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk	Allorney's signature
The name, address, e-mail, and telephone number of the attorne	y representing (name of party) all Plaintiffs, including , who issues or requests this subpoena, are:
Edmund S. Aronowitz	, who issues of requests this supported ate:
Address: Wolf Haldenstein Adler Freeman & Herz LLC, 55 West I Email: aronowitz@whafh.com Telephone: (312) 984-0000	Monroe Street Suite 1111, Chicago, Illinois 60603

Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 45 (c), (d), and (e) (Effective 12/1/07)

- (c) Protecting a Person Subject to a Subpoena.
- (1) Avoiding Undue Burden or Expense; Sanctions. A party or attorney responsible for issuing and serving a subpoena must take reasonable steps to avoid imposing undue burden or expense on a person subject to the subpoena. The issuing court must enforce this duty and impose an appropriate sanction which may include lost earnings and reasonable attorney's fees on a party or attorney who fails to comply.
 - (2) Command to Produce Materials or Permit Inspection.
- (A) Appearance Not Required. A person commanded to produce documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things, or to permit the inspection of premises, need not appear in person at the place of production or inspection unless also commanded to appear for a deposition, hearing, or trial.
- (B) Objections. A person commanded to produce documents or tangible things or to permit inspection may serve on the party or attorney designated in the subpoena a written objection to inspecting, copying, testing or sampling any or all of the materials or to inspecting the premises or to producing electronically stored information in the form or forms requested. The objection must be served before the earlier of the time specified for compliance or 14 days after the subpoena is served. If an objection is made, the following rules apply:
- (i) At any time, on notice to the commanded person, the serving party may move the issuing court for an order compelling production or inspection.
- (ii) These acts may be required only as directed in the order, and the order must protect a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer from significant expense resulting from compliance.
- (3) Quashing or Modifying a Subpoena.
- (A) When Required. On timely motion, the issuing court must quash or modify a subpoena that:
 - (i) fails to allow a reasonable time to comply;
- (ii) requires a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer to travel more than 100 miles from where that person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person except that, subject to Rule 45(c)(3)(B)(iii), the person may be commanded to attend a trial by traveling from any such place within the state where the trial is held;
- (iii) requires disclosure of privileged or other protected matter, if no exception or waiver applies; or
 - (iv) subjects a person to undue burden.
- (B) When Permitted. To protect a person subject to or affected by a subpoena, the issuing court may, on motion, quash or modify the subpoena if it requires:
- (i) disclosing a trade secret or other confidential research, development, or commercial information;
- (ii) disclosing an unretained expert's opinion or information that does not describe specific occurrences in dispute and results from the expert's study that was not requested by a party; or
- (iii) a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer to incur substantial expense to travel more than 100 miles to attend trial.
- (C) Specifying Conditions as an Alternative. In the circumstances described in Rule 45(c)(3)(B), the court may, instead of quashing or modifying a subpoena, order appearance or production under specified conditions if the serving party:
- (i) shows a substantial need for the testimony or material that cannot be otherwise met without undue hardship; and
- (ii) ensures that the subpoenaed person will be reasonably compensated.

- (d) Duties in Responding to a Subpoena.
- (1) Producing Documents or Electronically Stored Information. These procedures apply to producing documents or electronically stored information:
- (A) Documents. A person responding to a subpoena to produce documents must produce them as they are kept in the ordinary course of business or must organize and label them to correspond to the categories in the demand.
- (B) Form for Producing Electronically Stored Information Not Specified. If a subpoena does not specify a form for producing electronically stored information, the person responding must produce it in a form or forms in which it is ordinarily maintained or in a reasonably usable form or forms.
- (C) Electronically Stored Information Produced in Only One Form. The person responding need not produce the same electronically stored information in more than one form.
- (D) Inaccessible Electronically Stored Information. The person responding need not provide discovery of electronically stored information from sources that the person identifies as not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. On motion to compel discovery or for a protective order, the person responding must show that the information is not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. If that showing is made, the court may nonetheless order discovery from such sources if the requesting party shows good cause, considering the limitations of Rule 26(b)(2)(C). The court may specify conditions for the discovery.
- (2) Claiming Privilege or Protection.
- (A) Information Withheld. A person withholding subpoenaed information under a claim that it is privileged or subject to protection as trial-preparation material must:
 - (i) expressly make the claim; and
- (ii) describe the nature of the withheld documents, communications, or tangible things in a manner that, without revealing information itself privileged or protected, will enable the parties to assess the claim.
- (B) Information Produced. If information produced in response to a subpoena is subject to a claim of privilege or of protection as trial-preparation material, the person making the claim may notify any party that received the information of the claim and the basis for it. After being notified, a party must promptly return, sequester, or destroy the specified information and any copies it has; must not use or disclose the information until the claim is resolved; must take reasonable steps to retrieve the information if the party disclosed it before being notified; and may promptly present the information to the court under seal for a determination of the claim. The person who produced the information must preserve the information until the claim is resolved.
- (e) Contempt. The issuing court may hold in contempt a person who, having been served, fails without adequate excuse to obey the subpoena. A nonparty's failure to obey must be excused if the subpoena purports to require the nonparty to attend or produce at a place outside the limits of Rule 45(c)(3)(A)(ii).

AO 88A (Rev. 06/09) Subpoena to Testify at a Deposition in a Civil Action (Page 2)

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc:

Civil Action No. 4:10-CV-11977-FDS

PROOF OF SERVICE

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 45.)

	This subpoena for (name of	f individual and title, if any)	NIKKI JOHNSON						
was rec	eived by me on (date)	01/03/2012							
	I served the subpoena	by delivering a copy to t	he named individual as follows: NIKKI JOHSNON at						
3141 HOOD STREET, SUITE 200, DALLAS, TEXAS 75219 at 11:30AM									
	on (date) 01/03/2012 ; or								
	☐ I returned the subpoena unexecuted because:								
			United States, or one of its officers or agents, I have also note, and the mileage allowed by law, in the amount of						
	\$ 44.00	•							
My fees	s are \$	for travel and \$	for services, for a total of \$0.00						
	I declare under penalty of	f perjury that this inform	ation is true.						
Date:	01/03/2012		Server's signature						
			Sury v Signamo						
		AI	DIL TADLI, PRIVATE PROCESS SERVER SCH1206						
			Printed name and title						
			5470 LYNDON B. JOHNSON FREEWAY DALLAS, TEXAS 75240						
			Server's address						

Exhibit G



TOWER/OBT - Tower Travel Management

One Tower Lane Suite 2520

Oakbrook Terrace, IL 80181

Phone 1: 630-954-3010 / Phone 2: 630-954-3040

Fax: 630-954-3040

Agent ID: ES

Generated: January 4, 2012 01:43 PM

Traveler Information

BIG TOMATO TRAVEL CONSULTANTS

824 W OAKDALE AVE

N8R 3 CHICAGO IL 50557

Record Locator: QLXJWC

Traveler:

EDMUND S ARONOWITZ

Carrier

AMERICAN AIRLINES

Frequent Flyer #:



Invoice Information



Ticket Information

Airline Code Ticket Number

Check Digit

001

2

7020282939

Ticket Date

01/04/2012

Yes

Electronic

Ticket Base Fare (USD) **Ticket Tax Fare**

73.78 Total (USD) Ticket Amount 769.60

Alifare charged to Mastercard:

Billing Account:

Charges

CAXXXXXXXXXXXX9545

Total: 794.60

695.82

25.00

Friday January 6, 2012



AMERICAN AIRLINES

TSA SECURED FLIGHT

From:

Chicago O'Hare, IL Departing at \$:30 AM To: Dallas Ft Worth, TX Arriving at 11:05 AM

Dep.Terminal: **TERMINAL 3**

Arr.Terminal:

Information not available

Stops:

Non stop

Flight: Seat:

2309 09D

Class: Есополу

Flight Duration:

2 hours 35 minutes

Distance: Meal:

802 Miles

Entertainment:

Food to purchase Non-Smoking/In-Seat Power

Equipment: MD-80



AMERICAN AIRLINES

TSA SECURED FLIGHT

From:

Dallas Ft Worth TX Departing at 7:20 PM

To:

Chicago O'Hare, IL Arriving at 9:35 PM

Dep. Terminal: Arr.Terminal:

Information not available

Stops:

TERMINAL 3 Non stop

flight: Seat:

2372

Class:

13D

Flight Duration:

Economy

Distance:

2 hours 15 minutes 802 Miles

Meal:

Food to purchase

Entertainment:

Non-Smoking/In-Seat Power

Equipment: MD-80

Information



Airline Record Locators:

Airline Reference LAGYVC

Carrier

AMERICAN AIRLINES

Travel Telephone Numbers:

Baggage

American Airlines

(800) 535-5225 (312) 203-2525

American Baggage Claim Reservations

American Reservations

(800) 433-7300

Exhibit H

Aronowitz, Edmund

From: Tom Cox [tcox009@yahoo.com]

Sent: Thursday, January 05, 2012 2:35 PM

To: Aronowitz, Edmund
Subject: Reebok Class Action

Attachments: Motion to Quash Deposition 02-05-2012.pdf

Attached is a copy of the Motion to Quash that has been filed

Tom Cox

Exhibit I

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS CORPUS CHRISTI DIVISION

IN RE:)	CASE NO: 2:12-MC-00002
)	
)	MISCELLANEOUS
REEBOK EASYTONE LITIGATION)	
)	Corpus Christi, Texas
)	Friday, January 6, 2012
)	(1:04 p.m. to 1:22 p.m.)
		(3:04 p.m. to 4:00 p.m.)

MOTION HEARING

BEFORE THE HONORABLE B. JANICE ELLINGTON,
UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE

Appearances: See next page

Court Recorder: Arlene Benavidez

Case Manager: Dana Perez

Transcribed by: Exceptional Reporting Services, Inc.

P.O. Box 18668

Corpus Christi, TX 78480-8668

361 949-2988

Proceedings recorded by electronic sound recording; transcript produced by transcription service.

APPEARANCES FOR:

Lori Rivero, CHRISTOPHER ANDRES BANDAS, ESQ.

Movant: 500 N. Shoreline Blvd., Suite 1020

Corpus Christi, TX 78471

Courtney Schwartz: JOSHUA E. KELLER, ESQ.

Milberg, LLP

One Pennsylvania Plaza

New York, NY 10119

Courtney Schwartz: EDMUND S. ARONOWITZ, ESQ.

Wolf Haldenstein, et al.

55 West Monroe St., Suite 111

Chicago, IL 60603

Reebok International: ERIC GLADBACH, ESQ.

Reed Smith

599 Lexington Avenue New York, NY 10022

1 Corpus Christi, Texas; Friday, January 6, 2012; 1:04 p.m. 2 (Counsel appear telephonically) (Call to Order) 3 4 THE COURT: ... Judge Ellington. I understand I have 5 all the parties on the line. Let me call the case. Miscellaneous Number C-12-2; In Re: the Reebok Easytone 6 7 Litigation. Let me have appearances, please, and let me find 8 out who you are representing. 9 Let's see. For the movant, please. 10 MR. BANDAS: Good afternoon, your Honor. This is 11 Chris Bandas and I represent the movant, Lori Rivero. 12 THE COURT: Okay. And then we have some other 13 appearances. I understand Mr. Keller, you're on the line; is 14 that right? 15 MR. KELLER: Yes, good afternoon, your Honor. 16 is Josh Keller of the Milberg law firm. I represent Courtney 17 Schwartz and the plaintiffs in Easytone Reebok Litigation. 18 THE COURT: All right. And the rest of the 19 appearances? 20 Mr. Aronowitz? 21 MR. ARONOWITZ: Yes, your Honor. This is Edmond 22 Aronowitz from Wolf Haldenstein law firm. I represent 23 Plaintiff Altieri and the class for plaintiffs in the Reebok 24 Easytone Litigation. 25 MR. GLADBACH: And this, your Honor, is Eric

- 1 MR. KELLER: This is Josh Keller, Milberg, LLP for 2 Courtney Schwartz and the class. THE COURT: And for Reebok? 3 4 MR. GLADBACH: Yes, your Honor. Eric Gladbach, good 5 afternoon, representing Reebok. 6 THE COURT: All right, thank you. 7 All right. Mr. Keller and Mr. Bandas, have you two 8 had a chance to visit? 9 MR. BANDAS: Your Honor, this is Chris Bandas. We 10 have had a chance to visit. In fact, we met in person at the 11 Omni Hotel. We did the best we could and I think where we are is as follows: 12 13 As a compromise, I had proposed responding to 14 questions under oath, assuming they are relevant and 15 appropriate for the circumstances. And as I understand 16 Mr. Keller's position, he said only a deposition would do --17 and I think that's where we are, your Honor, so we do need the 18 Court's assistance. 19 THE COURT: So I don't understand. What's the 20 difference between answering questions under oath and a 21 deposition? 22 MR. BANDAS: I didn't understand it either, your 23 Honor. The simple issue is with respect to my client. She is 24 terrified of the process. She does not want to sit for a two
 - or four-hour deposition. And we thought as a compromise, if

 EXCEPTIONAL REPORTING SERVICES, INC

MR. BANDA: No, your Honor; thank you.

COURT'S RULING

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Okay. I don't -- I cannot believe that THE COURT: it would be right for someone to be able to simply file an objection and then not be questioned further about it. simply, if I were the district court, and I'm not, but if I were the court looking at this fairness and holding the Fairness Hearing, I would want to know more from Ms. Rivero; for instance, what are the bases of her objection. That can be obtained, that information can be obtained in many ways: through an affidavit, through interrogatories, through a more complete statement of her counsel -- and so I don't think, I do not see that it's fair that Ms. Rivero can just file an objection and then leave it at that. And if I were the district court, I would want to know what's going on and why she filed objections, especially in view of the fact that she can opt out -- but she doesn't want to opt out, she wants to make a claim and file objections.

Mr. Bandas can seek leave to at least file some legal objections to attorneys' fees or the size of attorneys' fees, and I believe that it is appropriate that she be questioned about it.

There are -- Mr. Bandas has cited, as some cases, that talk about a showing of particularized need, the Court will not permit general discovery from passive class members

- 1 but she is not a passive class member. She has injected
- 2 herself into this -- the fairness of the settlement by stating
- 3 that she has an objection, and I just don't see that there's
- 4 anything wrong with trying to go behind that and ask her a few
- 5 questions.
- If we were in a situation where there were lots of
- 7 | time left before the Fairness Hearing, then I think that
- 8 probably the -- I would be in a position, maybe, to order that
- 9 | the parties try to work out an affidavit but we're not. We're
- 10 kind of stuck and we're stuck for two reasons. And there's
- 11 lots of blame to go around but Ms. Rivero waited until the last
- 12 | minute to get her objection filed and then Counsel waited to --
- 13 | and only gave her three days' notice to object to her
- 14 deposition. But I don't -- so there's plenty of blame but I
- 15 mean, that's just what happened and now we're facing a hearing
- 16 a few days away on the fairness thing.
- 17 I do not -- I was appalled when I heard that you are
- 18 going to take four hours to question this woman about her one
- 19 pair of shoes that she bought and the fact that she is
- 20 | objecting to the fairness of millions of dollars of attorneys'
- 21 | fees which may go to plaintiffs' counsel.
- 22 | So I don't -- I looked through the file. I didn't
- 23 | see -- the deadline for depositions has not, for discovery has
- 24 not passed. I do not see anything in the orders entered by the
- 25 district court that indicate that these depositions cannot and

I think the answer to that is yes.

should not occur. And although Mr. Bandas cited some cases for
me, I did some searching on my own. My law clerk did some
searching and we were simply unable to find anything that would
cover this kind of situation. And so, to me, it just gets down
to, I mean, is it fair to look behind some pro se objection and

But -- and so I am going to deny the Motion to Quash the deposition. I'm going to order that the deposition take

I'm going to limit it to 45 minutes.

One of the reasons why Ms. Rivero may have been upset or petrified about answering questions is the fact that this is an unlimited -- and her fear that she might be facing four hours worth of questions. There is no reason why you can't get your questions asked that would satisfy the district court that you can't do that in 45 minutes. The district court does not want to read a four-hour objection -- a four-hour deposition at your Fairness Hearing. You should be able to answer -- to get all the answers that you need and take care of your deposition, so I'm going to limit it to 45 minutes -- and the parties -- unless the parties, by agreement, agree to extend the time on the deposition.

Mr. Bandas, I think Mr. Gladbach indicated it and in Rule 23 it's pretty clear that your client cannot withdraw her objections without court approval and so you would have to go to the court to do that.

But I think, Mr. Bandas, also, that you will have ample opportunity. That you can seek leave in the court in Massachusetts to -- if you want to make some additional legal arguments about the fairness of the settlement, then you can and should be able to do that but I just don't see any impediment to -- any kind of legal impediment or any kind of law that says that they just can't come here and do this.

I don't like the way it came up. I wish we had all had more time to consider this. And I might even have asked these lawyers to go back to the district court to ask for permission to do that but I think right now it's too late and I think the district court would want some kind of an explanation or a further explanation of the objections in the case, so for that reason, I'm going to overrule your request.

And I would consider -- if the parties want to appeal this matter to Judge Ramos, I would consider staying the deposition until Tuesday of next week to allow Judge Ramos, who is the district judge in this case, a chance to review what I have done. That would have to happen before there's any type of appeal to the Fifth Circuit.

And I apologize to counsel if that's what happens, that's you've made a wasted trip here but I think that it's appropriate that if Mr. Bandas wants to appeal this to the district court, that he have an opportunity to do that, so I would stay the deposition. And I don't know why you couldn't

- 1 to the withdrawal of the objection.
- 2 MR. BANDAS: And so in light of that, your Honor, I
- 3 think we know that if my client chooses to withdraw the
- 4 objection, there won't be an impediment to that and we will
- 5 | obviously confer and decide whether or not she wants to seek
- 6 review to Judge Ramos of your Honor's order.
- 7 THE COURT: Okay. I think you probably need to
- 8 decide that. Is your client available to speak to her?
- 9 Because the deposition is going to go forward unless I stay my
- 10 order to -- let's just say, Tuesday.
- 11 MR. BANDAS: Your Honor, she went to a business
- 12 | meeting. I cannot represent to the Court that I can get ahold
- 13 of her right now and make a decision. And with all due
- 14 respect, I would want more than a few minutes to make, what I
- 15 think is a very, very important decision for her. She's simply
- 16 trying to help this class, your Honor, and I think she needs to
- 17 | speak to her lawyer, me, and needs an opportunity to really
- 18 digest the Court's order if the Court is willing to stay the
- 19 deposition through Tuesday so she can make that very important
- 20 decision, your Honor.
- 21 **THE COURT:** So you want me to stay the deposition
- 22 until Tuesday --
- 23 MR. BANDAS: Yes, your Honor.
- 24 **THE COURT:** -- for her to make a decision about
- 25 whether or not she wants to appeal to Judge Ramos.

- 1 MR. BANDAS: That's correct, your Honor.
- 2 THE COURT: And what were you planning to do if I
- 3 didn't give you that opportunity? Was she going to come and
- 4 | you weren't -- she wasn't going to attend the deposition,
- 5 Mr. Bandas?
- 6 MR. BANDAS: Your Honor, it was going to put her in
- 7 | the impossible position of either taking a contempt order or
- 8 | withdrawing her objection. And I know she's not willing to
- 9 take a contempt order, even though she and her lawyer thinks
- 10 | that her legal argument's correct -- and so there was more of
- 11 | a practical answer than the legal answer to your Honor's
- 12 question.
- 13 THE COURT: Well, okay. Mr. Keller, do you have
- 14 anything to say?
- MR. KELLER: No, your Honor, other than just for
- 16 | clarification. If, procedurally, I should plan on the
- 17 deposition going forward on Tuesday?
- 18 THE COURT: Well, are you planning to go back to New
- 19 York, Mr. Keller?
- 20 MR. KELLER: Yeah, I have to. I have to move on
- 21 Monday so I have no choice.
- 22 **THE COURT:** Okay.
- 23 MR. KELLER: But I'll come back or do it by phone.
- 24 I'd prefer to come back but I'll have to confer with some of
- 25 the other class counsel about that.

```
1
              THE COURT:
                         Would it be -- if I'm going to stay the
 2
    deposition, is there a date next week that is more convenient
    for you, Mr. Keller, if you have to come here? I'm thinking
 3
    about giving Mr. Bandas a deadline to get his objection filed
 4
 5
    and setting the deposition after that so that then if he
    withdraws his objection, then the -- you can cancel the
 6
 7
    deposition without having to come here again. That's what I'm
 8
    thinking about.
 9
              MR. KELLER: Well, Judge --
10
              THE COURT: The deposition's not going to take place
11
    today, obviously, period. Right, Mr. Bandas? Your client is
12
    just not there.
13
              MR. BANDAS: That's correct, your Honor.
14
              MR. KELLER: I just need a second to think just
    because logistically, whether I can get here for Tuesday
15
16
    morning.
17
              THE COURT: Yeah, I'm certainly willing to leave it
18
    where it is but if you want a chance to see if Mr. Bandas is
19
    going to go forward or withdraw his objection before you get on
20
    a plane and make another trip here, I was going to give you the
21
    opportunity to do that.
22
              MR. KELLER: I think Tuesday is fine.
23
              THE COURT: You want me to leave it at Tuesday?
24
              MR. KELLER: Yeah.
25
              THE COURT:
                          Okay.
                                  Tuesday morning, Tuesday
```

Yes, your Honor.

MR. KELLER:

Well, I certainly appreciate the

MR. GLADBACH:

- Court's offer for that. I know the Court has a lot of other

 activities that I'm sure it must attend to but if that helps us

 get this done faster in case the deposition goes forward, I do
 - THE COURT: Well let's just do this. Why don't you just -- if the deposition is going to go forward, do it. And if you think that there is -- that there are shenanigans going on to not answer relevant questions that are being asked, just call me. You're not very far away. You can come on over here to the courthouse and we'll do it here. Will that work out?
 - MR. BANDAS: Yes, your Honor, and I assume that applies to the opposite scenario of asking inappropriate questions or irrelevant questions --
- **THE COURT:** Absolutely.

appreciate the Court's assistance.

- MR. BANDAS: -- designed to probe at obviously
 privileged information or matters outside the scope of this
 objection.
- **THE COURT:** Absolutely.
 - MR. KELLER: And one last question, your Honor. If it does come to that -- and I don't expect and I hope that it doesn't -- will make allowances for the time to deal with those issues if we have to go to the court, or actually come to court to finish up the deposition, you know, in sort of -- in terms of the clock ticking.
- 25 | THE COURT: I won't allow the clock to tick while

```
53
 1
    you're trying to get over here and get set up. Just call me if
 2
    you have problems and you can come over here. I think that --
    I don't think you're going to have problems but if you do, call
 3
 4
    me and I'll be willing to at least try to resolve some of them.
 5
              So Tuesday morning, 9:00 o'clock, deposition.
 6
              Objection by noon on Monday. And if that's filed, I
7
    will let Judge Ramos know what has happened so she can
 8
    familiarize herself with the matter.
 9
              All right. Anything else?
10
              Mr. Bandas?
11
              MR. BANDAS: No, your Honor.
              THE COURT: Anything else, Mr. Gladbach?
12
13
              MR. GLADBACH: No, your Honor, thank you, your Honor.
14
              THE COURT: Anything else, Mr. Keller?
              MR. KELLER: No, your Honor.
15
16
                          Okay. Thank you very much for your time.
              THE COURT:
17
              MR. BANDAS: Thank you, your Honor.
18
              THE COURT: Bye-bye.
19
         (Attorneys thank the Court)
20
         (Proceeding adjourned at 4:00 p.m.)
21
22
23
24
25
```

CERTIFI	CATION
---------	--------

I certify that the foregoing is a correct transcript from the electronic sound recording of the proceedings in the above-entitled matter.

Join / Julian

January 7, 2012

Signed

Dated

TONI HUDSON, TRANSCRIBER